



Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)

Installation and Configuration Guide

Document Version: **2018-08-07**



Installation of *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* virtual pods as described in this guide requires that your *NETLAB+ VE* system is equipped with software version **18.4.2 or later**.



Contents

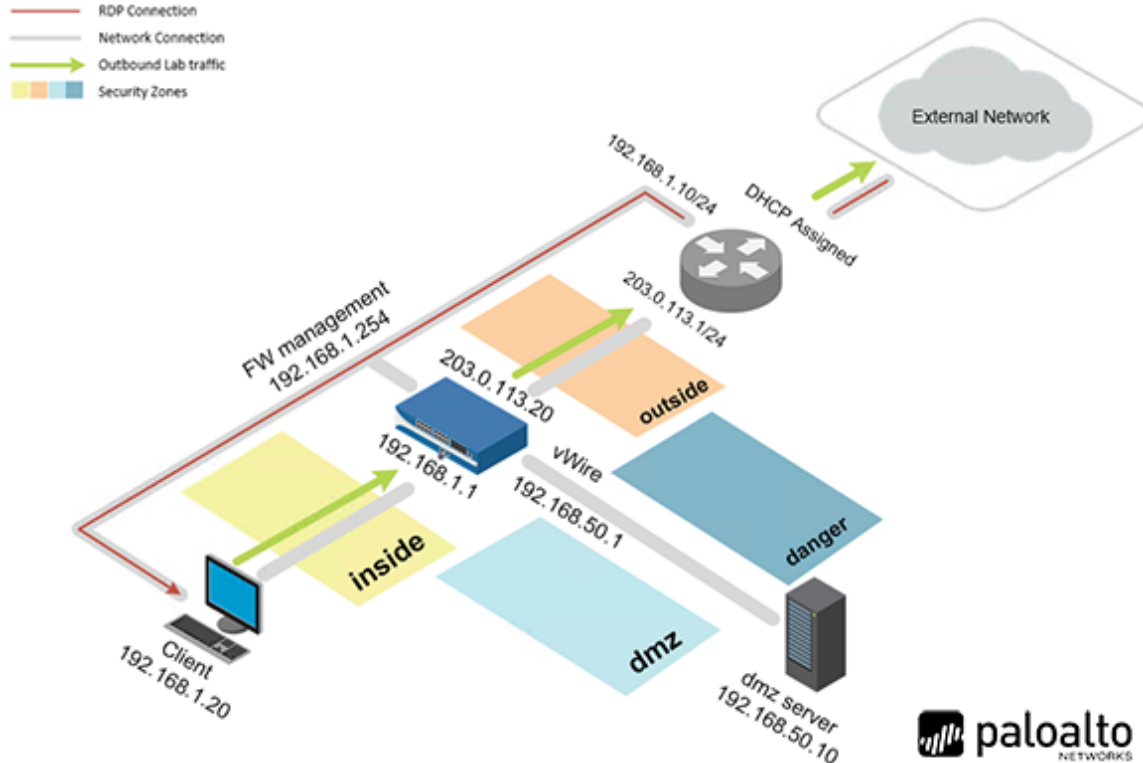
- 1 Introduction 3
 - 1.1 Introducing the Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) Pod..... 3
- 2 Planning..... 4
 - 2.1 Pod Resource Requirements 4
 - 2.2 ESXi Host Server Requirements..... 5
 - 2.3 NETLAB+ Requirements 5
 - 2.4 NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Infrastructure Setup..... 5
 - 2.4.1 Software Requirements 6
 - 2.4.2 Networking Requirements..... 6
 - 2.4.3 Pod Internet Access 7
- 3 Software and Licenses 8
 - 3.1 Obtaining Palo Alto Networks Software Licenses 8
 - 3.2 Completing the NETLAB+ Pod Internet Access and Use Agreement 8
 - 3.3 Downloading OVF Files..... 8
- 4 Master Pod Configuration..... 10
 - 4.1 Get the Virtual Machines ready for NETLAB+ 10
 - 4.1.1 Deploying Virtual Machine OVF/OVA Files 10
 - 4.1.2 Modify Virtual Machines..... 14
 - 4.1.3 NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Inventory Setup 16
 - 4.2 Building the Master Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) Pod18
 - 4.2.1 Enabling PAN8 in Course Manager 18
 - 4.2.2 Create the Pod 18
 - 4.2.3 Assign Virtual Machines to the Pod 19
 - 4.2.4 Bring the Master Pod online 24
 - 4.3 Make changes to the Master Pod 24
 - 4.3.1 Virtual Machine Credentials 24
 - 4.3.2 Create Class and Schedule the Master Pod 25
 - 4.3.3 License the Firewall..... 25
 - 4.3.4 License the Client 25
 - 4.3.5 Shut down the Firewall and Client machines 26
 - 4.3.6 Reset the NIC to SAFETY NET 27
 - 4.3.7 Create Snapshot on the Changed Master Virtual Machines 28
 - 4.3.8 End Reservation 28
- 5 Pod Cloning 29
 - 5.1 Linked Clones and Full Clones 29
 - 5.2 Creating User Pods 29
 - 5.3 Copying Your Master Pod to the Second Host..... 31
 - 5.4 Creating User Pods on the Second Host 32
 - 5.5 Assigning Pods to Students, Teams, or Classes..... 32

1 Introduction

This document provides detailed guidance on performing the installation and configuration of the Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) pod on the *NETLAB+ VE* system.

1.1 Introducing the Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) Pod

The *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* pod is a 100% virtual machine pod consisting of 4 virtual machines. Linked together through virtual networking, these 4 virtual machines provide the environment for a student or a team to perform the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* labs.



2 Planning

This guide provides specific information pertinent to delivering the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) Administration* pod. The [NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series](#) provides the prerequisite guidance for setting up your *VMware* infrastructure, including:

- An introduction to virtualization using *NETLAB+*.
- Detailed setup instructions for standing up *VMware vCenter* and *VMware ESXi*.
- Virtual machine and virtual pod management concepts using *NETLAB+*.

This document assumes that you have set up virtual machine infrastructure in accordance with the [NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series](#). The planning information below refers to specific sections in the *Remote PC Guide* when applicable.

2.1 Pod Resource Requirements

The Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) course will consume 39.3 GB of storage per each master pod instance.

The following table provides details of the storage requirements in gigabytes for each of the virtual machines in the pod.

Virtual Machine	OVF/OVA	Initial Master Pod (Thin Provisioning)
Client	9	17
DMZ	1	3
Firewall	7	17
vRouter	1	2.3
Total	18	39.3

2.2 ESXi Host Server Requirements

Please refer to the *NDG* website for specific *ESXi* host requirements to support virtual machine delivery: <http://www.netdevgroup.com/content/vmita/requirements/>

The deployment of the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* pod requires VMware ESXi Version of 6.0 or greater.



**Please
Note**

The number of **active** pods that can be used simultaneously depends on the *NETLAB+* product license and the number of *VMware ESXi* host servers meeting the hardware requirements specifications.

For current *ESXi* server requirements and active pod count, refer to the following URL:

http://www.netdevgroup.com/support/remote_pc.html#vm_host_server_specifications.

2.3 NETLAB+ Requirements

Installation of *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* pods, as described in this guide, requires that your *NETLAB+* system is equipped with *NETLAB+ VE* version **17.3.11 or later**.

Previous versions of *NETLAB+* do not support requirements for the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* course on the physical host servers.

Please refer to the [NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series](#).

2.4 NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Infrastructure Setup

The *NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Infrastructure* setup is described in the following sections of the [NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series](#):

- *Registering a Virtual Datacenter in NETLAB+*
- *Adding ESXi hosts in NETLAB+*
- *Proactive Resource Awareness*



It is important to configure *Proactive Resource Awareness* to maximize the number of active pods per physical *ESXi* host.

2.4.1 Software Requirements

For the purpose of software licensing, each virtual machine is treated as an individual machine, PC or server. Please refer to the specific vendor license agreements (and educational discount programs, if applicable) to determine licensing requirements for your virtual machines' software, operating system and applications.

The minimum virtual infrastructure software required for standing up this pod is in the following table.

Virtual Infrastructure Requirements	
Software	Version
vSphere ESXi	6.0
vCenter Server	6.0

Please refer to the [Software and Licenses](#) section regarding the software requirements for virtual machines in pod.

2.4.2 Networking Requirements

To accommodate the movement of large *VMs*, *OVF/OVAs*, and *ISO* disk images from one host to another, gigabit Ethernet or better connectivity is recommended to interconnect your *NETLAB+*, *vCenter Server* system and *ESXi* host systems.

The two standard networking models recommended to interconnect your servers are described in detail in the *Networking Models* section of the [Remote PC Guide Series, Volume 1 - Introduction and Planning](#).

2.4.3 Pod Internet Access

The pods for the Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) course each require Internet access. This access is required for licensing the Master pod as well as the various lab objectives in the student pods.

This environment is designed to leverage one vSwitch per host that attaches to a network that has a DHCP server to assign IPv4 addresses that are routable to the Internet.

This lab environment is also designed to leverage the public DNS servers 8.8.8.8, and 4.2.2.2. This vSwitch must be able to access those servers, which may require adjustments in a firewall if applicable.

3 Software and Licenses

3.1 Obtaining Palo Alto Networks Software Licenses

To obtain licensing and access to the Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) labs, your institution must be a Palo Alto Networks Authorized Academy Center (AAC).

You can find information about the Palo Alto Networks AAC at the following link: <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/services/education/academy>

Once your membership in the Palo Alto Networks AAC is approved, you can request licenses for use with your pods from your Palo Alto Networks Academy representative or by e-mailing academy@paloaltonetworks.com.

3.2 Completing the NETLAB+ Pod Internet Access and Use Agreement



You are required to complete the NETLAB+ Pod Internet Access and Use Agreement prior to obtaining access to the pod or content for this course.

Due to the security and legal implications regarding accessing the Internet from within the pod, we require that you agree to the terms contained within this online document prior to obtaining access to the pod or content for this course:

<https://www.netdevgroup.com/content/paloalto/agreement>

3.3 Downloading OVF Files

The virtual machines are made available as *Open Virtualization Format (OVF)* or *Open Virtualization Archive (OVA)* files. These files are available for download from *CSSIA*.

To request access to the preconfigured virtual machine templates from *CSSIA*:

1. Go to the *CSSIA Resources* page: <http://www.cssia.org/cssia-resources.cfm>.
2. Select **VM Image Sharing Agreement – Image Sharing Agreement**.
3. Select **VM Image Sharing Agreement** to open the request form.
4. Complete and submit your access request by following the instructions on the request form.
5. *CSSIA* will email a link, along with a username and password to access the download server. Access to the download server is provided only to customers who are current with their *NETLAB+* support contract and are participants in the appropriate partner programs (i.e. *Cisco Networking Academy*, *VMware IT Academy*, *Red Hat Academy*, *Palo Alto Academy*, and/or *EMC Academic Alliance*).

6. Once access to the download server has been established, the virtual machines can be deployed directly to the *vCenter Server* by clicking on **File > Deploy OVF Template** in the client window and copying the link into the location field.
7. The deployment will start after the username and password are entered.
8. Each virtual machine is deployed individually.

4 Master Pod Configuration

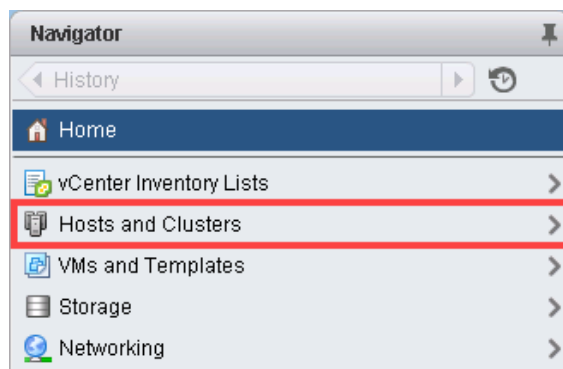
4.1 Get the Virtual Machines ready for NETLAB+

The following sub-sections deploy and prepare the virtual machines for use by NETLAB+.

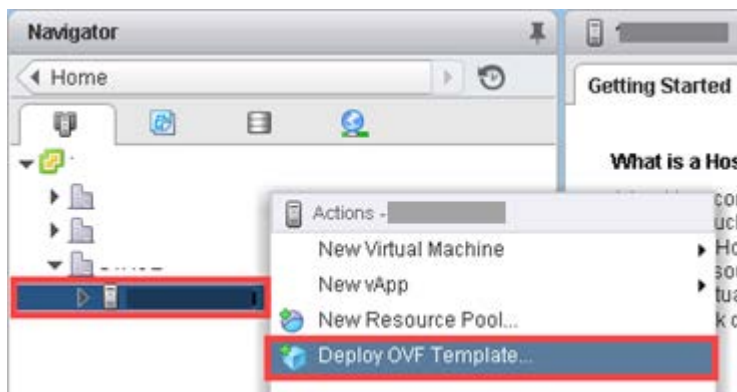
4.1.1 Deploying Virtual Machine OVF/OVA Files

Deploy on your host server the pod virtual machine *OVF/OVA* files you have downloaded.

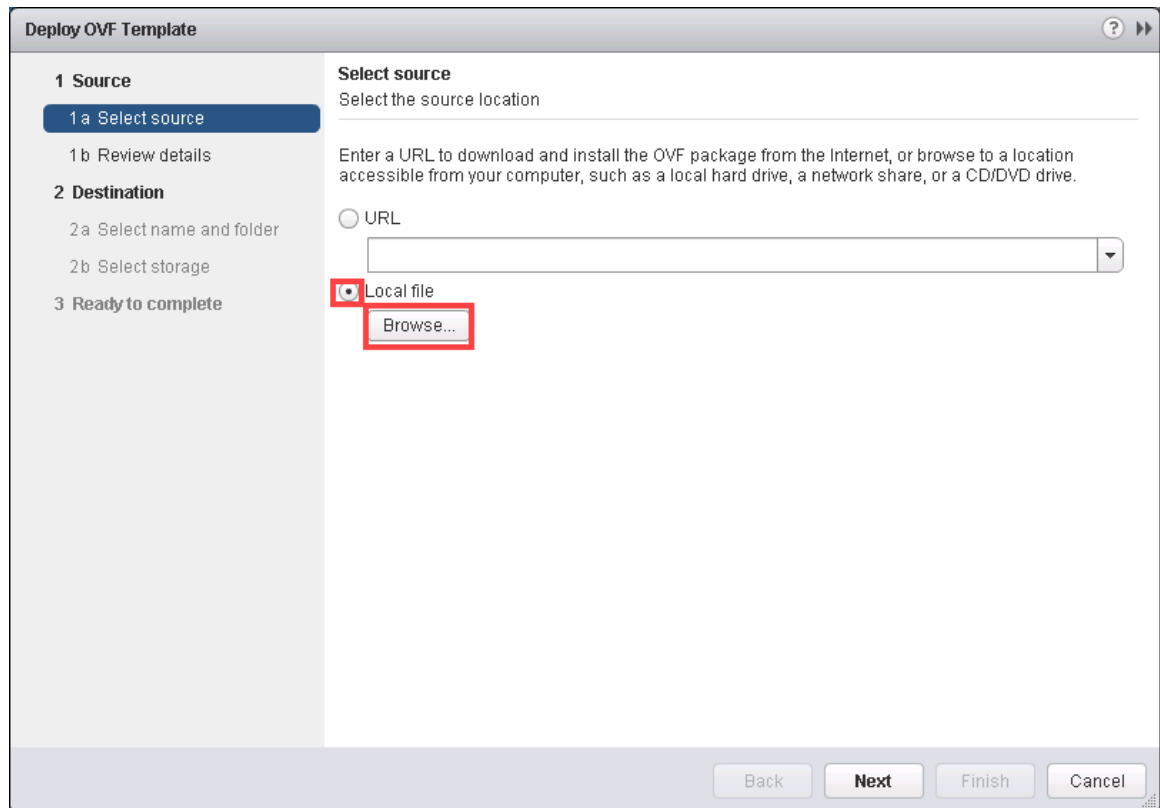
1. Navigate to your **vSphere Web Client** using your management workstation, ensure that your downloaded *OVA/OVF* files are accessible on this machine and then connect to your **vCenter Server**.
2. From the *vSphere Web Client* dashboard, select **Hosts and Clusters**.



3. Right-click on the target **ESXi Host Server** and select **Deploy OVF Template**.



4. In the *Deploy OVF Template* window, on the *Select source* section, select the **Local File** radio button and click **Browse**.



5. Locate and select one of the VMs for the pod, click **Open**.

Please Note

Only one VM can be selected using this wizard. The process will have to be repeated for the remaining VMs.

6. Verify that the VM file path and name appears next to the *Browse* button and click **Next**.

7. In the *Review details* section, make sure to fill the checkbox for **Accept extra configuration options** (*if present*) and click **Next**.

Deploy OVF Template
?

1 Source

- ✓ 1 a Select source
- ✓ **1 b Review details**

2 Destination

- 2 a Select name and folder
- 2 b Select storage
- 2 c Setup networks

3 Ready to complete

Review details
Verify the OVF template details

⚠ The OVF package contains extra configuration options. This is a potential security risk. Review and accept the options to continue.

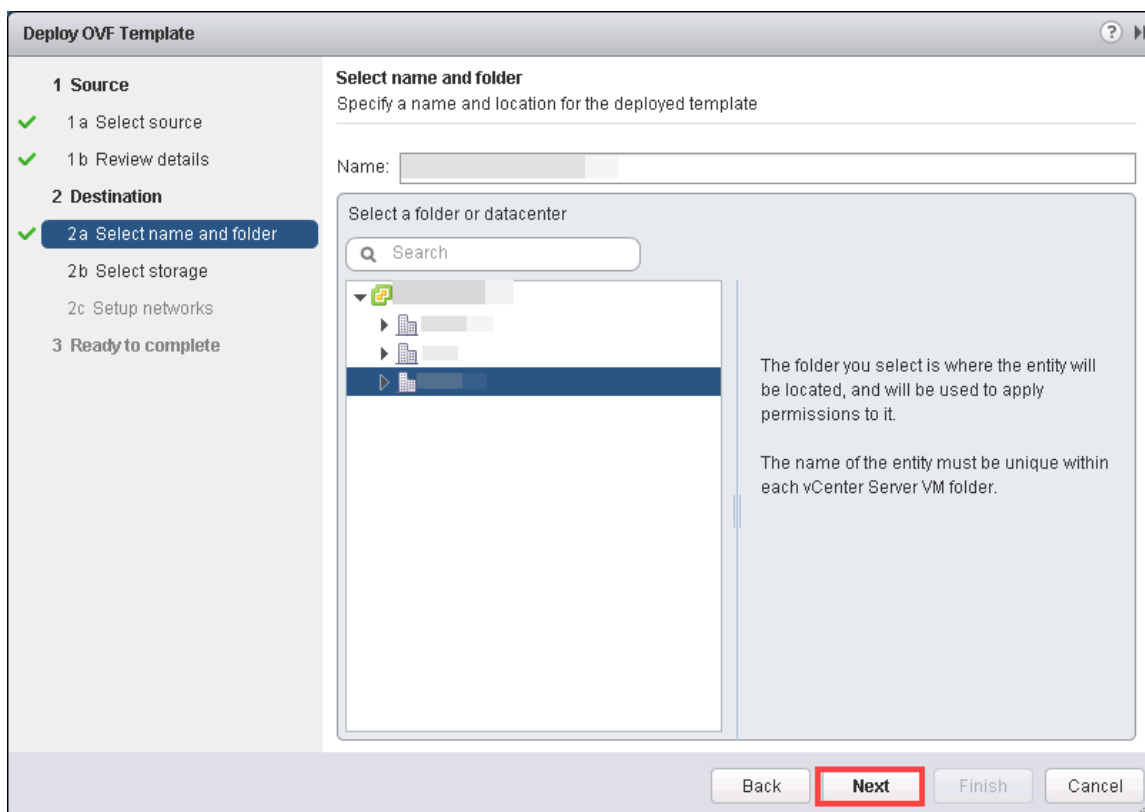
Accept extra configuration options

Product	
Version	
Vendor	
Publisher	Ⓜ No certificate present
Download size	4.6 GB
Size on disk	8.0 GB (thin provisioned) 80.0 GB (thick provisioned)
Description	Version: 1 Build: 20171
Extra configuration	virtualHW.productCompatibility = hosted

Back
Next
Finish
Cancel

- In the *Select name and folder* section, change the name of the virtual machine to something that is easy to manage. You can use the names provided in the list below as names for the virtual machines if you do not have a set naming convention. Select the appropriate datastore and click **Next**.

VM Name	VM OS	Virtual Machine Deployment Name
Client	Windows 2012	PAN8_210_FM.Client.ova
DMZ	Linux	PAN8_210_FM.DMZ.ova
Firewall	Linux	PAN8_210_FM.Firewall.ova
vRouter	Linux	PAN8_210_FM.VRouter.ova



- In the *Select Storage* section, select **Thin Provision** and choose the appropriate storage device. Click **Next**.
- In the *Setup networks* section, select **SAFETY NET** as the destination and click **Next**.

If **SAFETY NET** is not available, refer to the *Create a Safe Staging Network* section in the [Remote PC Guide Series – Volume 2](#).

- In the *Ready to complete* section, make sure **Power on after deployment** is **unchecked** and confirm the settings. Click **Finish**.

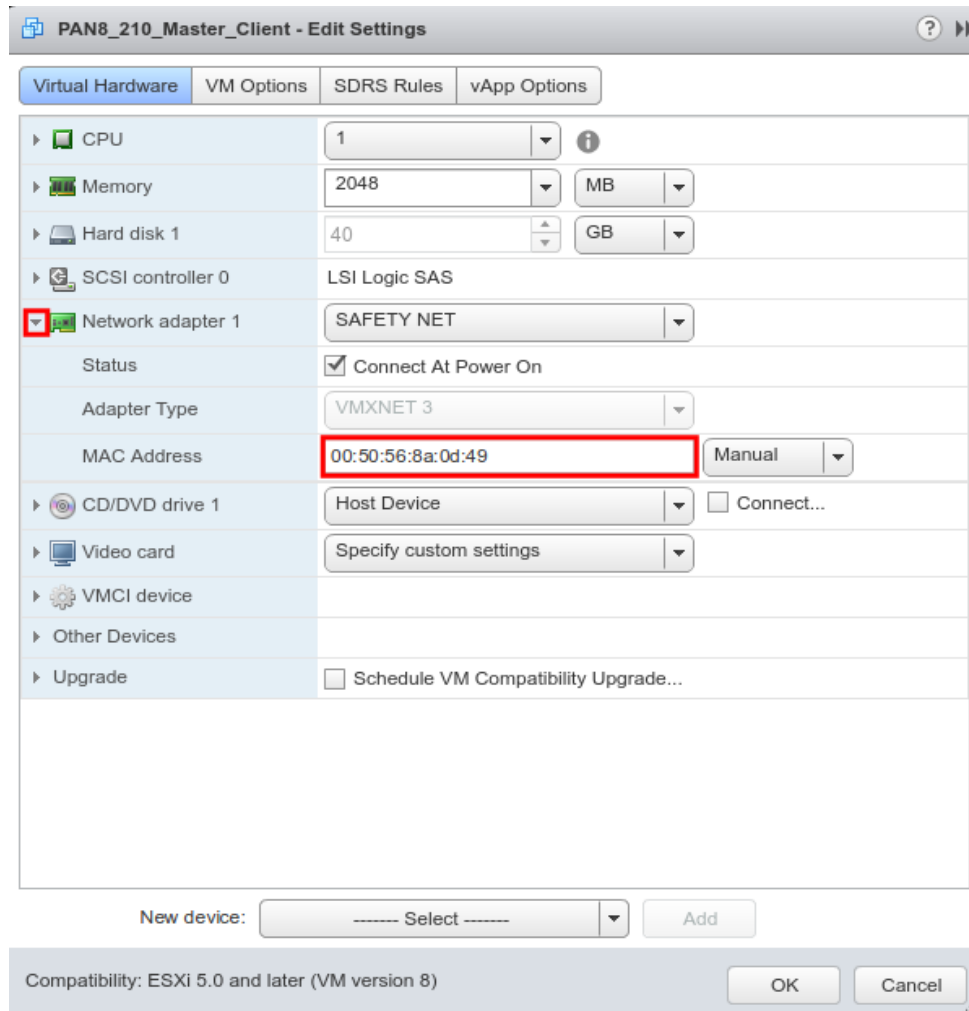
12. *vCenter* will begin deploying the virtual machine. This may take some time depending on the speed of your connection, HDDs, etc. Repeat the previous steps for each remaining virtual machine in the master pod.
13. The Firewall VM requires an extra step. First, deploy the VM from the OVA using the name *PAN8_210_FW_Init* and the instructions in the previous steps. Then, clone *PAN8_210_FW_Init*, naming it accordingly. Next, delete *PAN8_210_FW_Init*. This extra clone procedure is to resolve licensing with the PAN8 Firewall. You only need to perform this step with the Firewall VM.

4.1.2 Modify Virtual Machines

Once the virtual machines are imported onto the host, verify the configurations. The following steps will guide you through the process.

1. In the *vSphere Web Client* interface, right-click on the imported virtual machine and select **Edit Settings**.
2. For all of the virtual machines manually assign the *MAC* addresses for each *NIC*. The table below identifies the *MAC* addresses per *NIC*.

Virtual Machine	NIC	MAC
Client	1	00:50:56:8a:0d:49
	2	00:50:56:8a:c6:2b
DMZ	1	00:50:56:8a:92:db
	2	00:50:56:8a:91:be
	3	00:50:56:8a:91:c4
	4	00:50:56:8a:54:c7
	5	00:50:56:8a:84:17
	6	00:50:56:8a:b3:fc
Firewall	1	00:50:56:8a:7c:78
	2	00:50:56:8a:91:be
	3	00:50:56:8a:91:c4
vRouter	1	(automatic)
	2	00:50:56:8a:c8:55
	3	00:50:56:8a:a6:88



3. Repeat the previous steps for each of the remaining virtual machines in the master pod.
4. For the *vRouter* virtual machine, change *Network adapter 1* to the network that has DHCP Internet access available, see [Pod Internet Access](#). Also, make sure the MAC address is set to *automatic*.

4.1.3 NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Inventory Setup

This section will guide you in adding your templates to the *Virtual Machine Inventory* of your *NETLAB+* system.

1. Login into your *NETLAB+ VE* system using the administrator account.
2. Select the **Virtual Machine Infrastructure** icon.



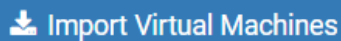
3. Click the **Virtual Machine Inventory** icon.



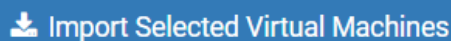
Virtual Machine Inventory

Import, clone, and manage the inventory of virtual machines to be used with NETLAB+.

4. Click the **Import Virtual Machines** button located at the bottom of the list.

A blue rectangular button with a white download icon (a square with a downward arrow) on the left and the text "Import Virtual Machines" in white.

5. Select the appropriate datacenter from the list where your master VMs reside.
6. Select the check box next to the virtual machines you had just deployed and click **Import Selected Virtual Machines**.

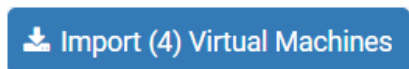
A blue rectangular button with a white download icon (a square with a downward arrow) on the left and the text "Import Selected Virtual Machines" in white.

7. When the *Configure VMs* window loads, you can set your virtual machine parameters.
 - a. Check the drop-down box for the correct operating system for each imported virtual machine.
 - b. Change *Role* to **Master** for each VM.
 - c. Add any comments for each virtual machine in the last column.



It is advised to leave the *Version* and *Build* numbers for reference when requesting *NDG* support.

- d. Verify your settings and click **Import (X) Virtual Machines** (notice the number in parenthesis is dynamic, depending on the amount of VMs selected).



- e. Verify all *Import Statuses* report back with **OK** and then click on the **Dismiss** button.
- f. Verify that your virtual machines show up in the inventory.

For additional information, please refer to the [NETLAB+ VE Administrator Guide](#).

4.2 Building the Master Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) Pod

This section will assist you in adding the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)* pod to your *NETLAB+* system.

4.2.1 Enabling PAN8 in Course Manager

Please refer to the *Course Manager* section of the [NETLAB+ VE Administrator Guide](#) on how to enable content. Please install the PAN8 FE EDU210 course.

4.2.2 Create the Pod

1. Login into **NETLAB+ VE** with the *administrator* account.
2. Select the **Pods** icon.



3. Create a new pod by scrolling to the bottom and clicking the **Create New Pod** button.



4. On the *New Pod Wizard*, page click **Next**.
5. Then click on the **Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)** pod entry.

<p>paloalto NETWORKS PAN8 210</p>	<p>PAN8 FE EDU 210 Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8 Essentials - EDU 210 2017 https://www.netdevgroup.com/support</p>	<p>NDGJJ NDG</p>
--	---	----------------------

- On the *New Pod* window, input a value into the **Pod ID** and **Pod Name** fields.



The **Pod ID** determines the order in which the pods will appear in the scheduler. It is best practice to use a block of sequential ID numbers for the Pod Id that allows for the number of pods you are going to install.

The **Pod Name** identifies the pod and is unique per pod. Here we used the name of the lab set or course in a shortened form (PAN8_EDU_210) along with a host identifier (H120), the type and number of the pod (M1500).

- To finalize the wizard, click **OK**.

For additional information, please refer to the [NETLAB+ VE Administrator Guide](#).

4.2.3 Assign Virtual Machines to the Pod

- To assign virtual machines to the master pod on your *NETLAB+* system, select the **Pods** link.



- Select the **Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)** master pod from the pod list.

1500	paloalto PAN8 210	PAN8_EDU_210_H120_M1500	Persistent	IDLE	OFFLINE	
------	----------------------	-------------------------	------------	------	---------	--

3. Click on the **Action** dropdown next to the virtual machine you are about to assign and select **Attach VM**.

Remote PC 4

PC Name	VM	Operating System	VM Role	Runtime Host	Action
Client	ABSENT				⌵
Firewall	ABSENT				View Settings
DMZ	ABSENT				Attach VM Remove VM From...
VRouter	ABSENT				Snapshots

4. Select the corresponding virtual machine from the inventory list.

Client (select virtual machine) Search

Virtual Machine Name	Operating System	Role	Datacenter	Runtime Host/Group
PAN8_210_Master_Client	Windows 8	Master	STAGE	
PAN8_210_Master_DMZ	Linux	Master	STAGE	
PAN8_210_Master_Firewall	Linux	Master	STAGE	
PAN8_210_Master_VRouter	Linux	Master	STAGE	

4.2.3.1 Snapshot the Virtual Machine

1. In the pod list, click on the **Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210)** master pod you just assigned machines to.

1500	paloalto PAN8 210	PAN8_210_U_210_H120_M1500	Master	IDLE	OFFLINE	⌵	☐
------	----------------------	---------------------------	--------	------	---------	---	---

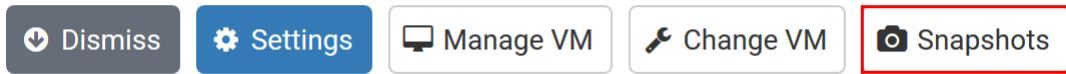
2. In the pod view, click on a virtual machine in the list to view the properties of that machine in NETLAB+. You will need to do this for each of the virtual machines in the list.

Remote PC 4


PC Name	VM	Operating System	VM Role	Runtime Host	Action
Client	PAN8_210_Master_Client	Windows 8	MASTER	172.30.0.120	⌵
Firewall	PAN8_210_Master_Firewall	Linux	MASTER	172.30.0.120	⌵
DMZ	PAN8_210_Master_DMZ	Linux	MASTER	172.30.0.120	⌵
VRouter	PAN8_210_Master_VRouter	Linux	MASTER	172.30.0.120	⌵

Dismiss
Pod Settings
Clone Pod
View Reservations
Configure Pod ACL
Delete Pod

3. In the pod virtual machine view, click on the **Snapshots** button to open the Snapshot Manager.



4. In the Snapshot Manager window, click on the **Take** button. This will take a snapshot of the current state of the virtual machine.



Any changes made after this will require a new snapshot or those changes will not reflect in the reset state of the pod or its clones.

Snapshot Manager

PAN8_210_Master_Client

You Are Here!

Name:

Description:

Take

Delete All

Go To

Edit

Delete

Dismiss

- In the Take Snapshot window, type **GOLDEN_MASTER** in the Name field then click the OK button.

Take Snapshot

Name:

Description:

It is recommended to use GOLDEN_MASTER as the snapshot name when working with normalized pod types.

- In the Snapshot Manager window, click the **Dismiss** button.

Snapshot Manager

PAN8_210_Master_Client

- GOLDEN_MASTER
- You Are Here!

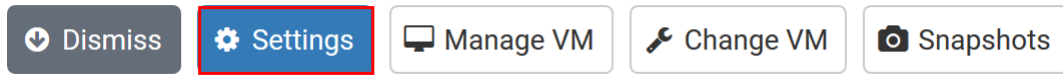
Name:
GOLDEN_MASTER

Description:

At this point it is good to verify that you have only one snapshot on the virtual machine. Multiple snapshots increase the likelihood of having problems, especially if the snapshots are named the same.

4.2.3.2 Set the Revert to Snapshot

1. In the pod virtual machine view, click on the **Settings** button.



2. In the Settings window, click on the *Revert to Snapshot* dropbox and select **GOLDEN_MASTER** then click the **Submit** button.



This sets the snapshot on the virtual machine that will get reverted to each time the pod is scheduled.

Client Settings

PC Name	Client
PC Type	Virtual Machine
Datacenter	STAGE
Virtual Machine	PAN8_210_Master_Client
Role	Master
Revert to Snapshot	NONE
Shutdown Preference	NONE
	USE CURRENT
Guest Operating System	GOLDEN_MASTER

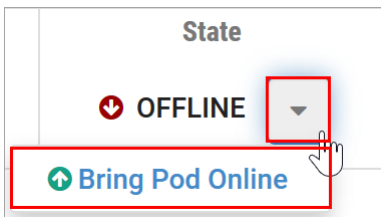
Options

- enable remote display auto-configuration
- enable network auto-configuration
- enable advanced setting auto-configuration
- enable minimum requirements verification

Submit
Cancel
Help

4.2.4 Bring the Master Pod online

In the pod view, click the drop arrow under State and select Online.



4.3 Make changes to the Master Pod

Some pods have software that needs to be altered on the host machine before it can be used properly. This normally happens when software requires licenses to function.

If there are changes that need to be made to the master pod prior to link cloning either student pods or full cloning other master pods on other hosts, you will need to follow this set of instructions to ready your master pod.

For the Palo Alto Networks Firewall 8.0 Essentials (EDU-210) master pod you will need to license the firewall. This process consists of:

- Scheduling the master pod
- Licensing the firewall
- Licensing the client
- Shutting down the firewall and client only (see [Shut down the Firewall and Client machines](#))
- Resetting the network interface cards to SAFETY NET
- Taking new snapshots
- Ending the reservation

4.3.1 Virtual Machine Credentials

For your reference, the following table provides a list of the credentials for the systems in the pod:

Machine	User name	Password
Client	lab-user	Pal0Alt0
DMZ	root	paloalto
Firewall	admin	admin
vRouter	n/a	n/a

4.3.2 Create Class and Schedule the Master Pod

Create a class as identified in *Add Classes* section of the [NETLAB+ VE Instructor Guide](#) then schedule the Master Pod to license the Firewall and Client machines.



When scheduling the Master Pod, it is important to schedule the pod for enough time to complete the following steps. Failure to complete the steps prior to taking the final snapshot could mean redeploying necessary virtual machines.

4.3.3 License the Firewall

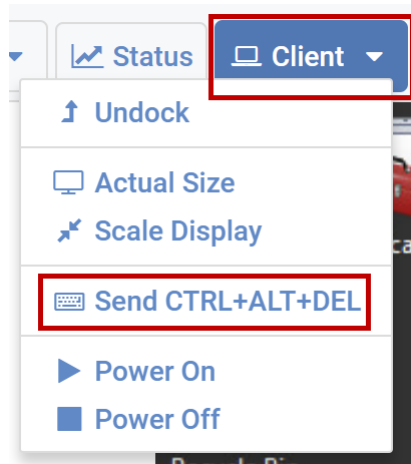
1. Log on to the Client machine in the pod.
2. Log in to the firewall at <https://192.168.1.254> via the web interface.
3. Click on the **Device** tab at the top.
4. Click on the **Operations** tab below.
5. Click on **Load named configuration snapshot** under Configuration Management.
6. Click the down arrow next to the Name field, and select **edu-210-lab-06** and click **OK**.
7. Confirm the configuration loaded and click **Close**.
8. Click **Commit** in the upper-right.
9. Click **Commit** on the window.
10. When the configuration has committed successfully, click **Close**.
11. Scroll down in the window on the left-hand side. Click on **Licenses**.
12. Click on **Activate feature using authorization code**.
13. Enter the Authorization Code and click **OK**.
14. Click **OK** on the Warning window.

4.3.4 License the Client

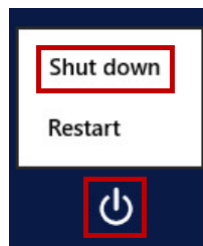
1. Click on the **Start** icon in the lower left.
2. Right-click on **This PC** and select **Properties**.
3. Click on **Activate Windows** in the lower right.
4. Type the Product key.
5. Click **Close**.

4.3.5 Shut down the Firewall and Client machines

1. In the Firewall web interface, make sure the **Device** tab is selected at the top and click **Setup** on the left side.
2. Click on **Shutdown Device** under *Device Operations*.
3. Click **Yes** on the *Shutdown Device* window.
4. Close the web browser.
5. From the **Client** dropdown in NETLAB+, select **Send CTRL+ALT+DEL**.



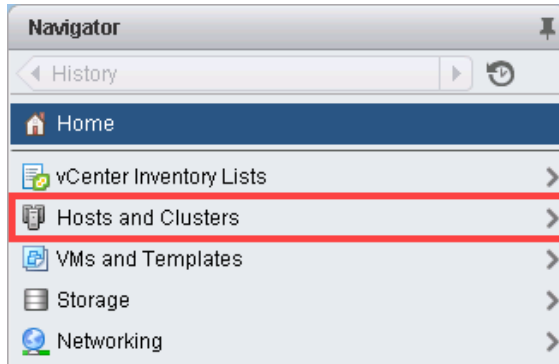
6. Click the Power symbol in the lower-right and select **Shut down**.



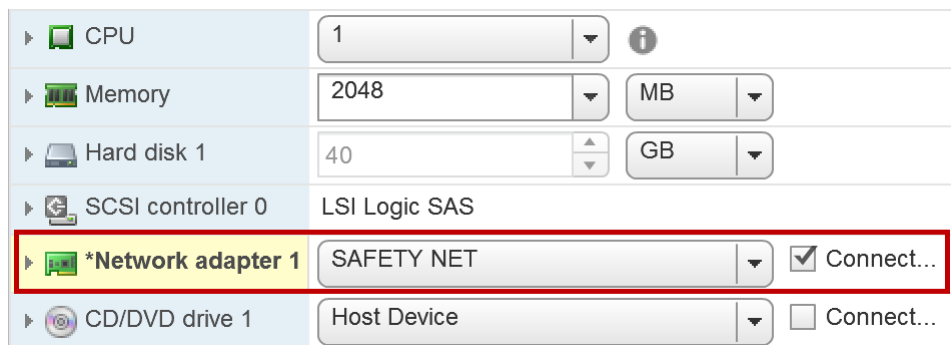
7. Leave the default reason and click **Continue**.

4.3.6 Reset the NIC to SAFETY NET

1. Outside the NETLAB+ interface, navigate to your **vSphere Web Client** using your management workstation, and then connect to your **vCenter Server**.
2. From the *vSphere Web Client* dashboard, select **Hosts and Clusters**.



3. Select your host under the **NETLAB** datacenter.
4. Locate the Client and Firewall virtual machines. Starting with the Client, right-click on the virtual machine and select **Edit settings...**
5. Change *Network adapter 1* to **SAFETY NET**.



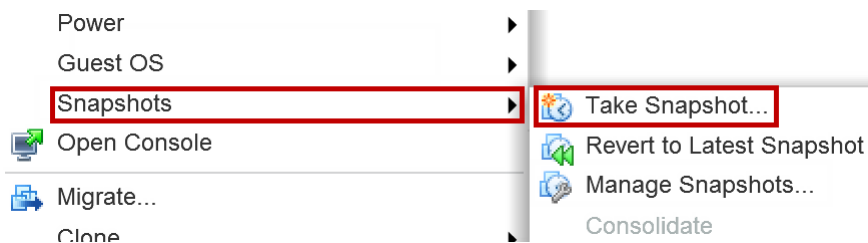
6. Click **OK** to confirm settings.
7. Repeat steps 4-6 for the Firewall virtual machine as well. Make sure all network adapters are set to **SAFETY NET**.

4.3.7 Create Snapshot on the Changed Master Virtual Machines

1. Right-click on the Client virtual machine and select **Snapshots-> Manage Snapshots...**



2. Click **Delete** to delete the current snapshot. Remember the name of this snapshot as the new snapshot will need to have the exact same name.
3. Click **Yes** on the *Confirm Delete* window.
4. Click **Close** on the *Manage Snapshots* window.
5. Right-click on the Client virtual machine and select **Snapshots-> Take Snapshot...**



6. In the *Take Snapshot* window, type **GOLDEN_MASTER** or whatever prior snapshot name the virtual machine had from step 2. Click **OK** to take snapshot.
7. Repeat steps 1-6 for the Firewall virtual machine.

4.3.8 End Reservation

You may now end the reservation of the master pod.

5 Pod Cloning

This section will help you create multiple student pods. The following sections describe the *NETLAB+* pod cloning feature used to create student pods on one or two host systems.

5.1 Linked Clones and Full Clones

NETLAB+ can create *linked clones* or *full clones*.

A **linked clone** (or linked virtual machine) is a virtual machine that shares virtual disks with the parent (or master) virtual machine in an ongoing manner. This conserves disk space, and allows multiple virtual machines to use the same software installation. Linked clones can be created very quickly because most of the disk is shared with the parent VM.

A **full clone** is an independent copy of a virtual machine that shares nothing with the parent virtual machine after the cloning operation. Ongoing operation of a full clone is entirely separate from the parent virtual machine.

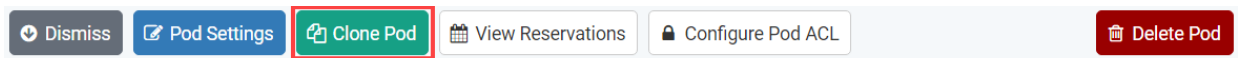
5.2 Creating User Pods

The following section describes how to create user pods on the same *VMware Host* system that holds your master pod's virtual machines. In this scenario, we will create linked virtual machines using the *NETLAB+* pod cloning utility.

1. Login into **NETLAB+ VE** with the *administrator* account.
2. Select the **Pods** icon.



3. Click on your master pod.
4. Click the **Clone Pod** button to create a new pod based on the settings and snapshots of this pod.



5. Input a new ID value into the **New Pod ID** field. It is advised to keep the pods in numerical order. If the pod IDs are not in numerical order, they will not show up in the scheduler in numerical order. Click **Next**.
6. Enter a name for the cloned pod into the **New Pod Name** field. For example, **PAN8_EDU_210_Pod1**. Click **Next**.

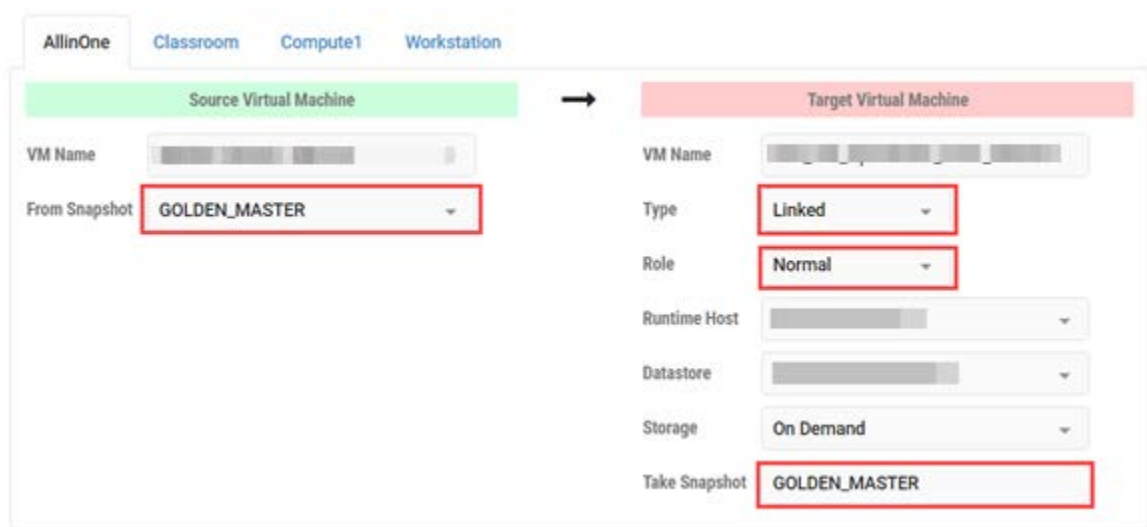
- When the action has finished processing, you are presented with a settings screen. Notice each VM has its own tab. Go through each tab and verify the following:

Source Virtual Machine:

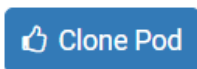
- From *Snapshot* should be set to the **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot you created previously.

Target Virtual Machine:

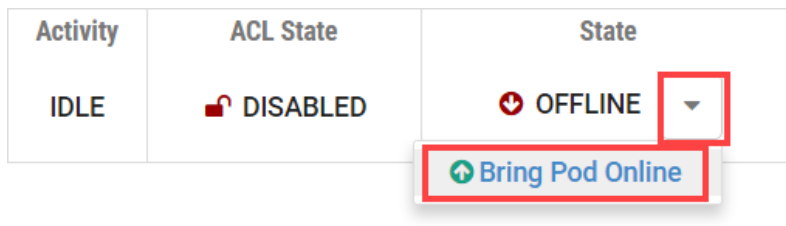
- For *Type*, verify that **Linked** is selected.
- For *Role*, verify that **Normal** role is selected.
- For *Take Snapshot*, verify that **GOLDEN_MASTER** is inputted.



- When you are done changing settings, click **Clone Pod**. This should complete within a minute as we are creating linked virtual machines.



- When the pod clone process is finished, click **OK**.
- If you want to dedicate this pod to a particular class, team, or student, use the *Pod ACLs* feature. For details, see the [NETLAB+ VE Instructor Guide](#).
- Click the **Online** Button in the *Pod Management* page to activate the pod.



The user pod can now be reserved. When the reservation becomes active, *NETLAB+* will automatically configure virtual machines and virtual networking for your new pod.



The **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot is the starting point for all pods. We recommend that you reserve the 1st pod and conduct some labs to make sure the snapshot images work correctly. If there are defects, make corrections to the images to the master pod and retake the **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot before creating additional pods.

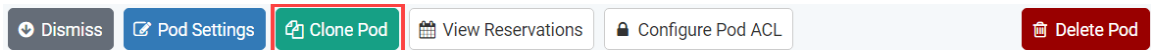
5.3 Copying Your Master Pod to the Second Host

For this task, we will use the pod cloning utility to copy our master pod to the second host.

1. Login into *NETLAB+* with the administrator account.
2. Select the **Pods** icon.



3. Click on the master pod.
4. Click the **Clone** button to create a new pod based on the settings of this pod.



5. Input a new ID value into the **New Pod ID** field. It is advised to keep the pods in numerical order. If the pod IDs are not in numerical order, they will not show up in the scheduler in numerical order. Click **Next**.
6. Enter a name for the cloned pod into the **New Pod Name** field. For example, **PAN8_EDU_210_Master2**. Click **Next**.
7. When the action has finished processing, you are presented with a settings screen. Notice each VM has its own tab. Go through each tab and verify the following:

Source Virtual Machine:

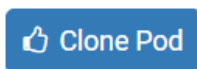
- *From Snapshot* should be set to the **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot you created previously.

Target Virtual Machine:

- a. For *Type*, verify that **Full** is selected.
- b. For *Role*, verify that **Master** role is selected.
- c. For *Take Snapshot*, verify that **GOLDEN_MASTER** is inputted.
- d. For *Runtime Host*, select the second host system (which should be different than the system you are cloning from).

Source Virtual Machine		Target Virtual Machine	
VM Name	RHOSA_Master_Allinone	VM Name	Red_Hat_Openstack_Master2_AllinOne
From Snapshot	GOLDEN_MASTER	Type	Full
		Role	Master
		Runtime Host	
		Datastore	
		Storage	On Demand
		Take Snapshot	GOLDEN_MASTER

- When you are done changing settings, click **Clone Pod**. This may take up to 30 minutes as full copies are being made. You may navigate away from the cloning progress screen, and then later return to the pod to check progress.



- When the pod clone process is finished, click **OK**.

5.4 Creating User Pods on the Second Host

To create user pods on the second host, repeat the steps to create user pods on the first host (see [Creating User Pods](#)), substituting the second master pod (created in the previous section) as the cloning source.

5.5 Assigning Pods to Students, Teams, or Classes

Please refer to the [NETLAB+ VE Instructor Guide](#) for details on using the *Pod ACLs* feature.